AUP Section: Animal Disposition

Species: Xenopus spp.

Methods of euthanasia: (select all that apply)

NOTE: Chemical methods of euthanasia alone may require up to 3-5 hours before death results. A physical means of ensuring euthanasia, noted below under secondary methods, must be applied once unconsciousness is achieved.

Primary methods:

Agent/Method Name	Dosage (in mg/kg if possible)	Route
Buffered Tricaine methanesulfonate (MS-222)	2-5 g/L + sodium bicarbonate	Immersion
Benzocaine hydrochloride	≥250mg/L	Immersion
Benzocaine hydrochloride	2 cm × 1 mm strip (wet weight, 100 mg) of 20% benzocaine gel	Topical
Pentobarbital sodium + Phenytoin (pentobarbital-based euthanasia solution)	≥1100 mg/kg sodium pentobarbital with sodium phenytoin (≥0.3 mL solution per frog)	IV or Intracoel mic injection

Secondary methods:

Agent/Method Name	Dosage (in mg/kg if possible)	Route
Maceration (for non-transgenic animals; indicate instrument utilized)	Not applicable	Not applicable
Exsanguination or vital tissue harvest (inclusive of heart and/or lungs and/or brain)	Not applicable	Not applicable
Decapitation and double pithing (indicate instrument utilized)	Not applicable	Not applicable

Description of Euthanasia Procedure: (select all that apply):

Procedure	Description
Tricaine or benzocaine immersion (all ages)	Euthanasia will be carried out as described in the most current version of the AVMA Guidelines for the Euthanasia of Animals.
	Procedural Steps: 1. Immerse frogs in a solution of tricaine methanesulfonate benzocaine hydrochloride.
	2. The solution should be buffered with sodium bicarbonate to a pH of 7.0-7.5.
	3. Frogs should remain in the solution for at least 10 minutes following loss of righting reflex and withdrawal response (adults) or following opercular movement
	(embryos/larvae) 4. Perform a secondary method of euthanasia
	a. Adults: double pith or exsanguinationb. Embryos/larvae: bleach (1 part sodium hypochlorite
Benzocaine topical gel (adults)	6.15% to 5 parts water) or rapid freeze Euthanasia will be carried out as described in the most current version of the AVMA Guidelines for the Euthanasia of Animals.
(dddits)	Procedural Steps:
	 Gently manually restrain frog. Personnel should wear wet gloves. Apply benzocaine gel directly to the ventral abdomen of
	the frog. 3. Return frog to a wet bucket/tank without water until deep anesthesia is confirmed via loss of righting reflex and withdrawal
	response 4. Frogs should remain undisturbed in the bucket or tank for at least 10 minutes following loss of righting reflex and
	withdrawal response 5. Perform secondary method of euthanasia: double pith or exsanguination
Injection of Pentobarbital Euthanasia Solution (adults)	Euthanasia will be carried out as described in the most current version of the <u>AVMA Guidelines for the Euthanasia of Animals</u> .
	Procedural Steps: 1. Gently manually restrain frog. Personnel should wear wet
	gloves. 2. Inject ≥0.3 mL pentobarbital solution per frog intracoelomically or via the dorsal lymph sac.
	3. Return frog to a wet bucket/tank without water until deep anesthesia is confirmed via loss of righting reflex and withdrawal response.

4. Frogs should remain undisturbed in the bucket or tank for at least 10 minutes following loss of righting reflex and
withdrawal response.
5. Perform a secondary method of euthanasia: double pith or
exsanguination

Details for Carcass Disposal:

Ova and embryos will be collected in a sieve and prevented from going down the drain. All carcasses and reproductive material will be frozen for incineration or another approved disposal method by OLAC.

References:

American Veterinary Medical Association. 2020. AVMA Guidelines on Euthanasia, 2020 update.

<u>Journal of the American Association for Laboratory Animal Science</u> 2009 Vol. 48 No. 5 pp. 512-516

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